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An introduction and overview of the MIGAPE project

"MInd the GAp in PEnsions" (MiGaPe; Grant 820798)

Presentation at the European Social Insurance Platform (ESIP) Brussels, December 3rd, 2019.















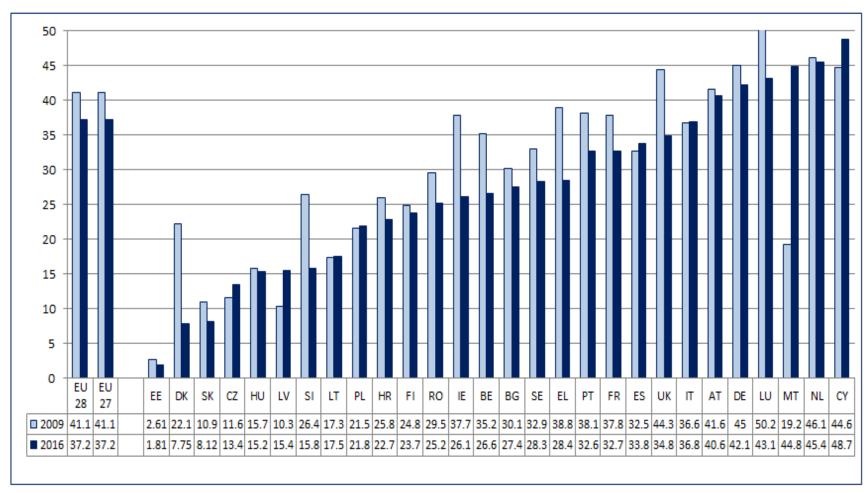


MInd the GAp in PEnsions

- How much are women's pensions lagging behind those of men?
- Gender Pension gap $1 \left(\frac{Pension_F}{Pension_M}\right)$
- 37.2 percent for the pensioners aged 65-79 in the EU-28 in 2016



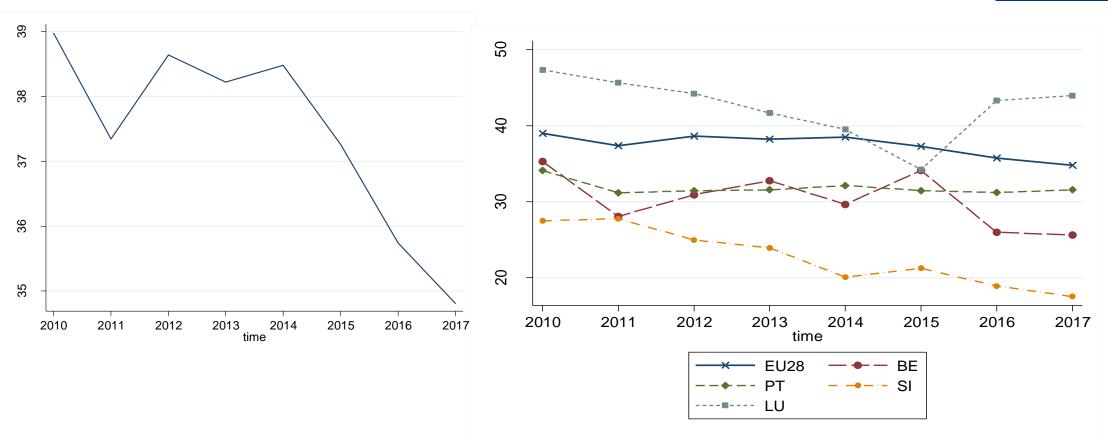
The Gender Pension Gap



Source: 2018 PAR, Figure 37, page 69; data for 2009 (HU 2010) and 2016



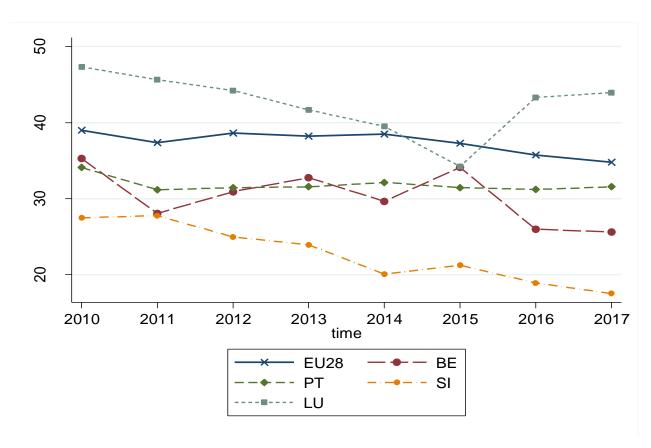
GPG

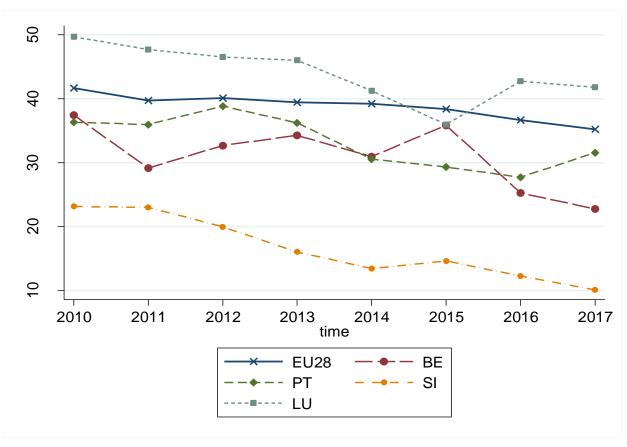


Gender Pension Gap (65+) for EU-28 and specific countries participating in the MIGAPE project. Own calculations using individual cross-sectional weights PG040



Age distribution matters...

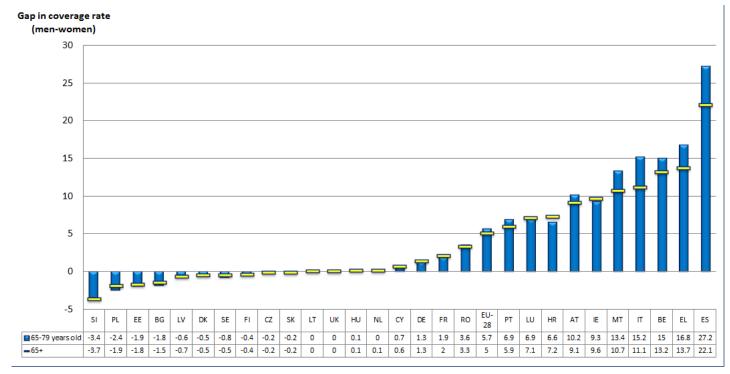




65+



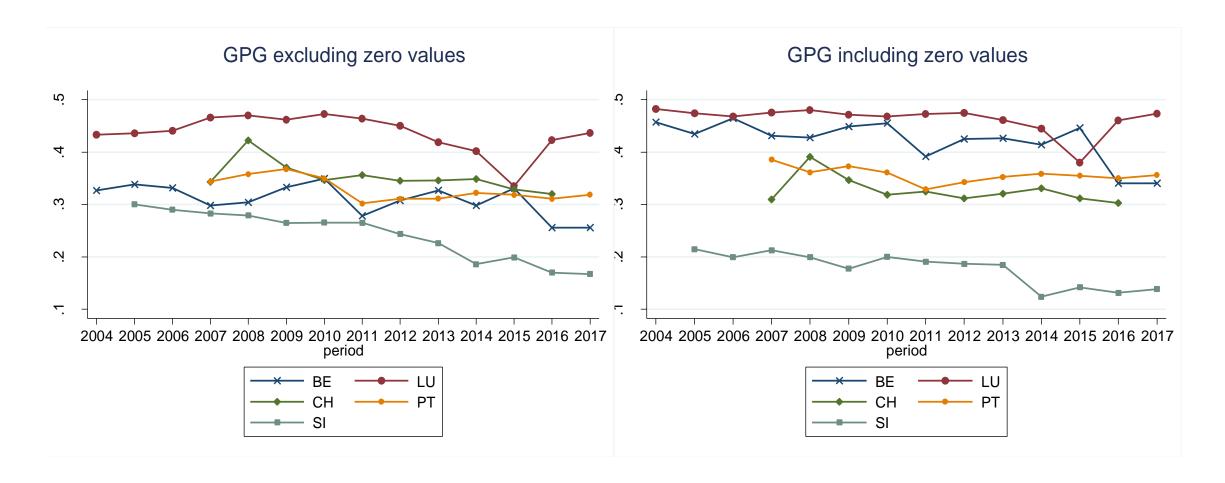
Coverage gap matters too...



Source: 2018 PAR, Figure 40, page 72; data for 2016. Notes: gap in coverage rate: the extent to which women have less access to the pension system than men (e.g. zero pension income – as defined in EU-SILC). Data sorted by age group 65+



Coverage gap matters too...



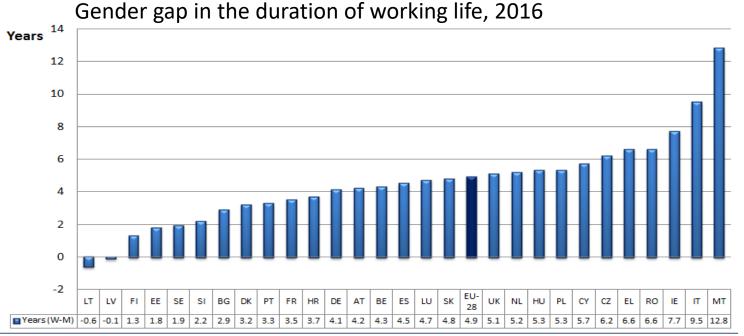


MInd the GAp in PEnsions

Many have an intuitive idea on what causes these GPG's

• differences between men and women in the prevalence of part-time work spells, unemployment, withdrawals from the labour market, and the pay

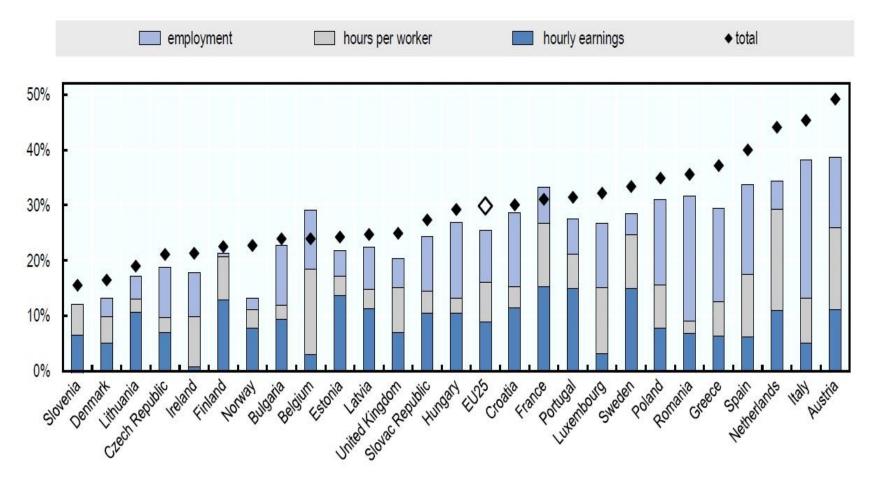




Source: 2018 PAR, Figure 42, page 75; gender gap in duration of working life is calculated as difference between duration of working life of women (W) and duration of working life of men (M). A positive value means women have a shorter career than men



Contributions to the GPG (OECD, 2018)



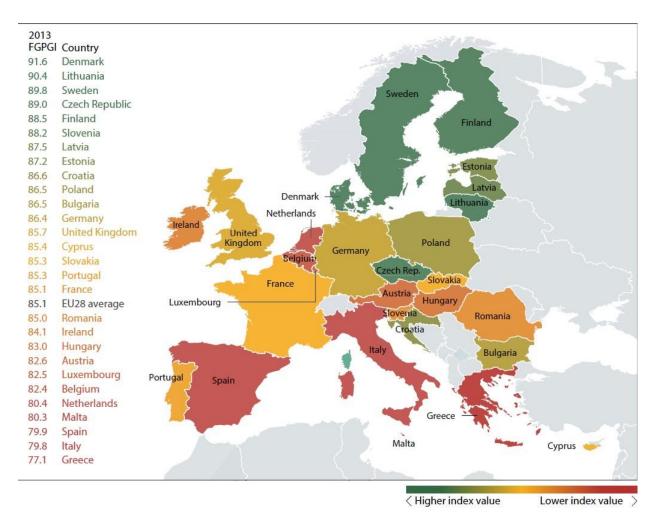
Source: OECD (2018, Figure 22, page 35). OECD pension model and SILC, 2016.

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MInd the GAp in PEnsions

- BUT...These relations are highly nonlinear and have lots of mediating aspects
- State transfers
- Compensating elements in (public) pension systems
- Redistributive elements in (public) pension systems
- Also, never mind what the GPG's look today; what will they look like in the future?
- Furthermore, how do these outcomes change with changing (labour market) behaviour of men and women?
- Finally, how can these questions be framed to be more effective in communication to a broad audience?

And what about the future?







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Objectives of the MIGAPE project

- ...can be grouped along three related axes.
 - I. Use typical-case simulations to provide of information on the consequences of labour market decisions in the various stages of life on the future pension benefit of women.
 - II. Use microsimulations to show the impact of various factors on future GPGs for the population as a whole
 - III. Assess psychological factors that may affect (women's) employment decisions

MIGAPE: who are participating in this project?



- Federal Planning Bureau; Belgium (scientific coordinator)
 - Gijs Dekkers, Karel Van den Bosch, Raphaël Desmet
- CEPS; Belgium (project coordinator)
 - Mikkel Barslund
- ICS/University of Lisbon; Portugal
 - Amilcar Moreira
- IER, Slovenia
 - Nataša Kump, Nada Stropnik
- University of Liechtenstein; Liechtenstein
 - Tanja Kirn
- LISER, Luxembourg
 - Philippe Liégeois
- Center for Social and Cultural Psychology, KU Leuven; Belgium
 - Vera Hoorens, Wouter De Tavernier

























MIGAPE: timing and deliverables

| lauch meeting | Jun-19 |
|---|--------|
| Website 1st version | |
| Stakeholder meeting I | Aug-19 |
| Intermediate meeting I | Oct-19 |
| Intermediate meeting II | Apr-20 |
| report on standard simulations 1st version | |
| report psychology I | |
| progress report | |
| Stakeholder meeting II | Jul-20 |
| overarching report | |
| intermediate meeting III | Sep-20 |
| report on microsimulations 1st version | |
| report on standard and microsimulations 2nd version | Jan-21 |
| report psychology II | |
| integrative report | |
| website 2nd version | Feb-21 |
| Stakeholder meeting III | |
| Closing conference | |
| final report | Mar-21 |
| | |



Scientific relevance of MIGAPE

- How will the GPGs evolve?
- What is the impact of socio-economic and labour market trends on the development of the GPGs?
- How do different pension systems mitigate GPG's?
- To which extent do people's future expectations enhance the GPG through an effect on individual career choices & information use?
- How can governments optimize their communication about pension-related implications of career choices?



Work Package 4: Psychology module



- Starting point: Individual career choices of men/women may contribute to gender gap in pensions
- ➤ Objective 1: examining the role of future expectations (comparative optimism) in women's (vs. men's)
 - o ... Career choices
 - ... Use of information about pensions / their pension
- Objective 2: examining the effect of framing on choices of men & women
- Overarching goal: Improving effectiveness of messages about pensions
 - Maximizing accurate understanding/appraisal/use of the information



Comparative optimism



My future

Other people's future

Wealth

Health

Safety

Relationships

Happiness





Financial issues

Health problems

Safety hazards

Breakup/loss

Unhappiness



Study 1: Survey content



CO for pension-relevant life events

Comparative optimism

Past choices

Intended choices

Information seeking & use

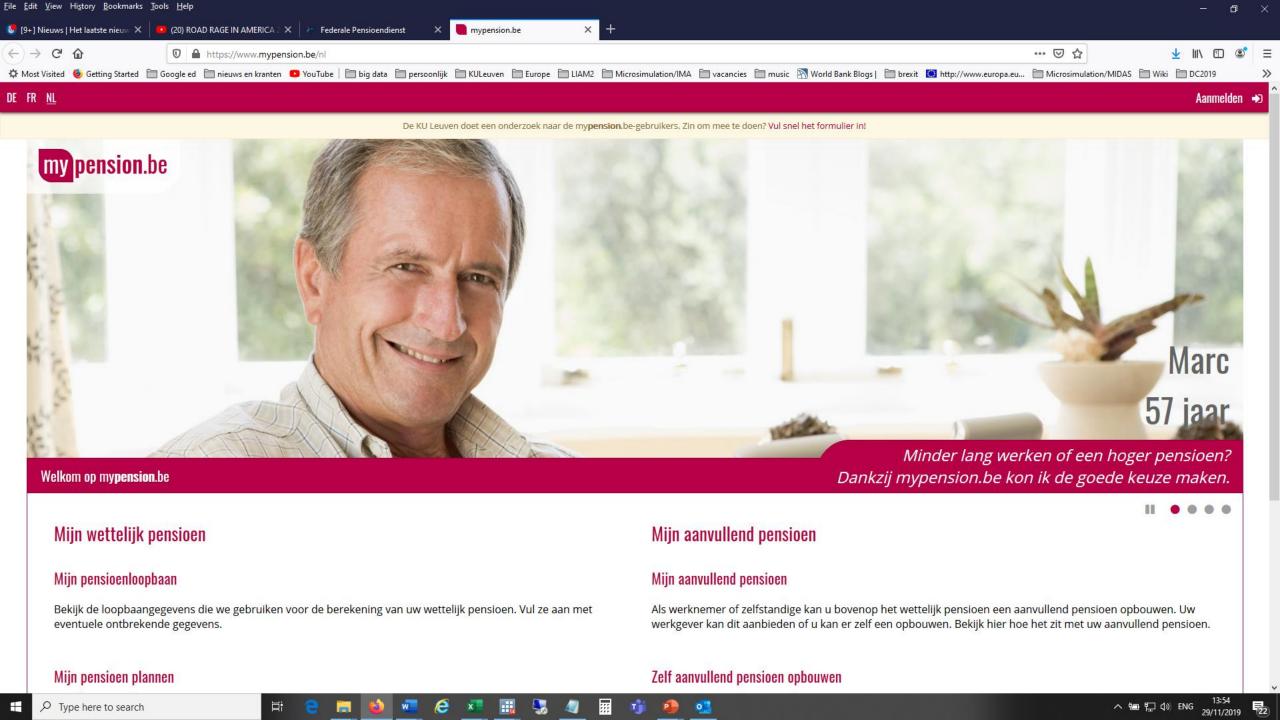
Interest

Knowledge

Truth/importance

State of affairs

- 1. Questionnaire
- 2. Minimum number of respondents reached







Importance of framing in communication about pensions

Framing ->
risk seeking / aversion

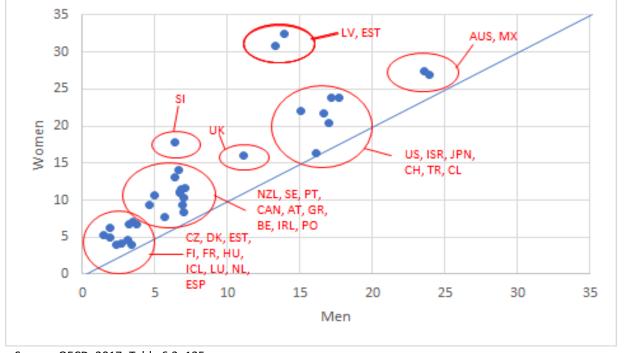
Framing > comparative optimism

Career choices – for pension: W > M





- Due to their higher life expectancy, about 58% of the 65+ are female
- Erosion of the male breadwinner paradigm
- GPGs and poverty risks



Source: OECD, 2017, Table 6.3, 135.



So(ci)etal relevance of MIGAPE

- This project will analyse gender differentials in pensions from 2 perspectives
 - Provide information on the consequences of labour market decisions on the pension benefit one can expect
 - Insight in the possible future development of the gender poverty gap, given the important economic, labour market and demographic changes during the last decades.
- The psychological part of this research project would contribute to an effective communication strategy in this domain

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The role of the stakeholder groups

- There is a stakeholder group in each participating country, as well as on the European level
- Stakeholder meetings:
 - Initial phase of the project
 - Half way the project (± June 2020)
 - At the final stage of the project (± February 2021)
 - Closing conference (April 2021)
- Purpose
 - To receive information as the project develops
 - To reflect on this information and provide feedback
 - To disseminate the information further, and –hopefully-take it into account in your own work





MInd the GAp in PEnsions

- For more information see our website, at http://www.migape.eu/
- Or contact us at migape@plan.be
- Thank you for comments and questions

